NEW SURVEY FINDINGS

HOW INFLUENCERS CONTRIBUTE TO RETURNS WHILE EXPERTS CREATE CONFIDENCE

Influencers Drive Awareness But New Data Finds Consumers Are Skeptical and More Likely to Return Influencer-Recommended Products. Experts Earn Trust and Build Shopper Confidence.







media influencers have taken on a similar role. Today, nearly a quarter (26%) of consumers say they have been swayed to make a purchase by an influencer's push. Influencers hype something up, and the consumer buys, often leading to buyer's remorse when they realize the product is not as described. But the tide is turning as shoppers become savvier to the ways of influencer marketing in the Information Age. Here we examine the rise and fall of influencer marketing using the findings of a new consumer survey

For centuries, high-profile spokespeople have influenced consumer buying decisions and today's social

commissioned by The Desire Company, and we discuss how the rise of expert marketing has solidified its rightful place in today's buying decision process.



17th CENTURY

Citizens turn to kings and queens for advice on which medicines to take.



Michael Jordan promoted everything from his own Air

80s AND 90s

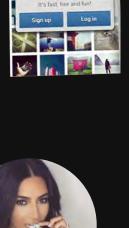
Jordans to Wheaties to Gatorade to McDonalds (this list could go on). "Got Milk?" revives the California dairy industry. Fabio can't believe it's not butter.



2010s

influencer marketing as we know it emerged. Early-adopter Instagram influencers were able to build huge, loyal followings.

With the arrival of social media,



Influencer marketing continues to

2021 AND 2022

be a part of marketing strategies, but consumers are no longer buying into the hype, with the majority stating that they do not believe that influencers actually use the products they are hawking.

EARLY 1900s

Roscoe Arbuckle became one

of the first celebrity influencers when he agreed to promote Murad cigarettes (although he refused to actually smoke them).



WORDPRESS

2000s

surged in popularity writing about travel, parenting, food – the lifestyle business was born.

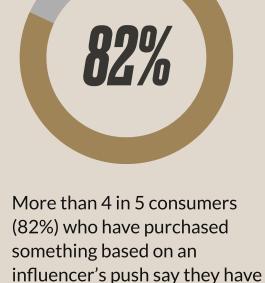


and the pandemic crisis converged creating

skepticism among social media followers.

THE STATS

Many consumers have had a bad experience when purchasing an influencer-promoted product.



had some sort of negative experience with the product,

with the most common being that the product didn't match the influencer's claims (41%).

version of the product after they made their purchase.

More than 1 in 3 of those who

say they purchased a product

pushed by an influencer say they found a higher quality

More than 2 out of 5 (42%) consumers who have dealt with the consequences of purchasing influencerrecommended products say they are unlikely to purchase

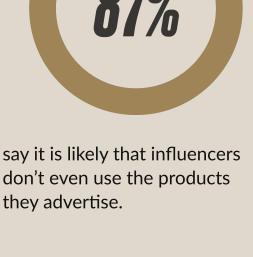
from that company again.

33%

A third said they ended up

never using the product.

CONCLUSION: THE RISE OF EXPERT-DRIVEN MARKETING





TWICE AS LIKELY TO BE CONSIDERED TRUSTWORTHY



the most likely to say this (63%), followed by Gen Z (55%), Gen X (49%), and Boomer (41%). Perhaps because they have been burned before, consumers that purchased a product because it was promoted by a social media influencer are significantly more likely (62%) than those who



Experts with 1k followers are more than

(23%) by consumers when compared to an influencer with millions of followers (11%).



WELCOME TO THE DAWN OF EXPERT MARKETING.

making the switch from paying influencers for popularity to compensating experts for their expertise, understanding that you can buy reach, but you can't buy credibility. The age old concept of "quality over quantity" wins again.

Follower count and popularity is no longer a good indicator for success in influencer marketing. Today's savvy consumer appreciates authenticity. They consider expertise before pulling the trigger to make a purchase. For their part, brands in search of a tangible ROI are

> THE DESIRE COMPANY thedesirecompany.com

ABOUT THE DATA

The Desire Company Survey was conducted by Wakefield Research among 1,000 nationally representative U.S. adults ages 18+ between July 25th and July 31st, 2022, using an email invitation and an online survey. Data was weighted to ensure an accurate representation of U.S. adults ages 18+.